

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic EL device, comprising:
  - forming first electrodes on or above a substrate;
  - forming at least one luminescent layer having a certain color and made of an organic compound on or above the first electrodes by an ink-jet method; and
  - forming a second electrode opposing the first electrodes,
  - the formation of said at least one luminescent layer by means of the ink-jet method being performed by discharging a luminescent material composition from a nozzle toward the substrate, ~~and onto an underlying layer, the underlying layer constituting a different layer relative to the at least one luminescent layer, the luminescent material composition serving as luminescence function and carrier transfer function in the formed at least one luminescent layer.~~
2. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 1, the organic compound being a polymer organic compound.
3. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an organic EL element device as claimed in claim 2, the polymer organic compound being a material having functions of hole injection and hole transfer.
4. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 2, the polymer organic compound being a polyparaphenylene vinylene or its derivative or a copolymer which contains at least either one of these compounds.
5. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 1, said at least one luminescent layer includes three types of luminescent

layers having different colors, and wherein at least two types of luminescent layers in the three types of luminescent layers being formed by patterning by means of the ink-jet method.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 5, said different colors include red, green and blue, and the red luminescent layer and the green luminescent layer being formed by patterning by means of the ink-jet method.

7. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 6, the blue luminescent layer being formed by a vacuum deposition method.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 7, the blue luminescent layer being made of a material having functions of electron injection and electron transfer.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 1, said at least one luminescent layer being formed on or above a hole injection and transfer layer.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL element as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of forming a protective film on or above the second electrode.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of forming on or above said substrate electrodes for driving the respective pixels.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device as claimed in claim 1, said first electrodes being transparent first electrodes.

13. (Currently Amended) An organic EL device manufactured via a nozzle, comprising:

a substrate;

first electrodes provided on or above the substrate; at least one luminescent layer, each of which has a certain color and is made of an organic compound, the luminescent layers being formed above the first electrodes by patterning by means of an ink-jet system, the formation of the at least one luminescent layer being performed by discharging a luminescent material composition from the nozzle toward the substrate, ~~and onto an underlying layer, the underlying layer constituting a different layer relative to the at least one luminescent layer,~~ the luminescent material composition serving as luminescence function and carrier transfer function in the formed at least one luminescent layer; and

a second electrode formed on or above the luminescent layers.

14. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device, as claimed in claim 13, the organic compound being a polymer organic compound.

15. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 14, the polymer organic compound being a material having functions of hole injection and hole transfer.

16. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 14, wherein the polymer organic compound being a polyparaphenylene vinylene or its derivative or a copolymer which contains at least either one of these compounds.

17. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 13, said at least one luminescent layer comprises three luminescent layers having different colors, and at least two luminescent layers in the three luminescent layers being formed by patterning by means of an ink-jet method.

18. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 17, said different colors include red, green and blue, and the red luminescent layer and the green luminescent layer being patterned by means of the ink-jet method.

19. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 18, wherein the blue luminescent layer is formed by a vacuum deposition method.

20. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 19, the blue luminescent layer being made of a material having functions of electron injection and electron transfer.

21. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 13, said at least one luminescent layer being formed on or above a material having functions of electron injection and electron transfer.

22. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 13, further comprising a protective film formed on or above the second electrode.

23. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 13, said first electrodes being transparent first electrodes.

24. (Previously Presented) A display comprising the organic EL device as claimed in claim 23.

25. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic EL device, comprising:

forming first electrodes on or above a substrate;

forming three types of luminescent layers on or above said first electrodes by patterning, each of said luminescent layers having a certain color and made of an organic compound; and

forming a second electrode opposing the first electrodes,

the formation of the at least two types of the luminescent layers being performed by means of an ink-jet method, the ink-jet method including discharging a luminescent material composition from a nozzle toward the substrate, ~~and onto an underlying layer, the underlying layer constituting a different layer relative to the at least two types of the~~

~~luminescent layers, the luminescent material composition serving as luminescence function and carrier transfer function in the formed at least two types of luminescent layers.~~

26. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 25, said three types of the luminescent layers have different colors, respectively, and at least two types of the luminescent layers in the three luminescent layers being formed by patterning by means of the ink-jet method.

27. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, said three different colors include red, green and blue, and the red luminescent layer and the green luminescent layer being patterned by means of the ink-jet method.

28. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 27, the blue luminescent layer being formed by a vacuum deposition method.

29. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 27, the blue luminescent layer being formed by means of the ink-jet method.

30. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic EL device, comprising:

forming first electrodes on or above a substrate;  
forming a first luminescent layer having a first color and made of a first organic compound above first predetermined first electrodes by an ink-jet method and forming a second electrode opposing the first electrodes, the formation of said first luminescent layer by means of the ink-jet method being performed by discharging a luminescent material composition from a nozzle toward the substrate, and onto an underlying layer, the underlying layer constituting a different layer relative to the first luminescent layer, the luminescent material composition serving as luminescence function and carrier transfer function in the formed first luminescent layer.

31. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 30, further comprising forming a second luminescent layer having a second color which is different from the first color and made of a second organic compound on or above second predetermined first electrodes in the first electrodes, respectively, by an ink-jet method.

32. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 31, further comprising forming a third luminescent layer having a third color that is different from the first and second colors and made of a third organic compound on or above third predetermined first electrodes in the first electrodes, respectively, by the ink-jet method.

33. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 31, further comprising a step of forming a third luminescent layer having a third color which is different from the first and second colors and made of a third organic compound on or above third predetermined first electrodes in the first electrodes, respectively, the formation of the third luminescent layers being carried out by a coating method.

34. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 32, the first, second and third colors are red, green and blue, respectively.

35. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 33, the first, second and third colors are red, green and blue, respectively.

36. (Currently Amended) An organic EL device manufactured via a nozzle, comprising:

a substrate;  
first electrodes provided on or above the transparent substrate, said first electrodes include first first electrodes, second first electrodes and third first electrodes that are arranged in a predetermined order;  
first, second and third luminescent layers respectively formed on or above the first, second and third predetermined first electrodes, in which said first, second and third

luminescent layers have first, second and third colors, respectively, and are made of first, second and third organic compounds, respectively, at least the first luminescent layer formed above the first first electrodes by patterning by means of an ink-jet system, the formation of the first luminescent layer being performed by discharging a luminescent material composition from the nozzle toward the substrate, ~~and onto an underlying layer, the underlying layer constituting a different layer relative to the first luminescent layer, the~~ the luminescent material composition serving as luminescence function and carrier transfer function in the formed first luminescent layer; and

a second electrode formed on or above the luminescent layers.

37. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 36, the formation of said second luminescent layer being performed by means of the ink-jet system.

38. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 36, the formation of the third luminescent layer being carried out by the ink-jet system.

39. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 36, the formation of the third luminescent layer being carried out by a coating method.

40. (Previously Presented) The organic EL device as claimed in claim 36, the first, second and third colors being red, green and blue, respectively.

41. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 1, the EL device having a plurality of pixels, and the first electrodes being formed so as to be separated from each other for each respective pixel.

42. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 41, further comprising forming partitioning walls at least at spaces between neighboring first electrodes.

43. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 42, edge portions of the first electrodes being covered by the partitioning walls.

44. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 25, the EL device having a plurality of pixels, and the first electrodes being formed so as to be separated from each other for each respective pixel.

45. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 44, further comprising forming partitioning walls at least at spaces between neighboring first electrodes.

46. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 45, edge portions of the first electrodes being covered by the partitioning walls.

47. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 30, the EL device having a plurality of pixels, and the first electrodes being formed so as to be separated from each other for each respective pixel.

48. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 47, further comprising forming partitioning walls at least at spaces between neighboring first electrodes.

49. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an organic EL device according to claim 48, edge portions of the first electrodes being covered by the partitioning walls.